

# THE REGISTER.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF COUNTY

W. U. ALLISON, Editor.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 23, 1875.

D. P. LOWE is suggested as a suitable person for judge of the next U. S. Judicial District.

The relief bill being considered in our Legislature provides among other things seed for spring planting.

D. B. EMMERT, formerly of Humboldt, has received the appointment of chief clerk in the State Treasurer's office.

TEXAS is a very large State, and Gov. Coke's annual message corresponds well, in size, to the State. It fills twenty-one columns of the Galveston News.

THE convicts in the Missouri penitentiary rebelled last Monday; but diet the cause. The rioters not being well organized were captured by detail and locked up.

THE Supreme Court has decided against the Union Pacific railroad in the case where a county treasurer sued for taxes. This settles all similar cases of the kind.

IN view of the prospect of a trade between the Missouri valley and the Gulf, the farmers and gardeners of Southern Texas are preparing to plant early vegetables for the cities in the New West.

G. W. MARTIN has been re-elected State printer by a vote of 82 to 49. Mr. Martin's re-election will give general satisfaction, besides giving the correspondent of the Kansas City Times an opportunity to proclaim a great reform victory.

THE House of Representatives of the forty-fourth Congress now stands as follows: Democrats, 178; Republicans, 100; Independents, 6. There are 17 members to elect yet, but this will probably not affect the relative strength of the parties.

THE president has recommended that a mint be established in the Mississippi valley, and the Kansas City Journal of Commerce has a long and able article setting forth the advantages of that city. If a mint is established in the west we think Kansas City would be a good point.

AMONG the latest sensations was a young lady at Seymour, Ind., putting herself up as a prize at a raffie. It created quite an excitement among the young men of the place and all who could raise the required half dollar took a throw at the dice. If the match took made should prove a good one, this style of inducing old bachelors to depart from their single blessedness may become quite popular.

THE Topeka correspondent of the Journal of Commerce, of Kansas City, says that it can be proven that Pangborn—the correspondent of the Times—who has figured extensively in Kansas politics and cried so lustily for reform, received \$1,000 from the Attorney for the M. & T. railway, last winter, for his and the Times, services in behalf of the bill allowing railroads to issue preferred stock.

THE counties of Wallace, Newton, Pawnee, Rooks, Ford, Barbour, Kingman, Pratt and Edward at the last annual election cast less than two hundred votes, and according to the constitution of the State are not entitled to Representatives. The Representatives from these counties have been sworn in and have taken their seats as members of the House, and now the question is raised, are they members? and if not, will acts passed by their votes be binding.

WE publish in full on the first page of to-day's paper the President's special message on the situation in Louisiana. The message has been favorably commented upon by most of the Republican papers, and has been bitterly denounced by all the Democratic and a part of the Liberal journals. It is rather a long document, in fact longer than necessary, but the President gives a candid statement of his actions and the reasons therefor, and as it is a subject of general discussion we advise a careful reading.

SINCE the discussion of the interference of the military with the legislature of Louisiana, Gen. Garfield is reported to have related the following bit of history which is not generally known: At the opening of the Thirty-eighth Congress, when it was inferred that a clerk would not correctly call the roll of Representatives elect, two hundred soldiers were detailed and secretly placed under the basement of the Capitol to act under directions of Thad. Stevens, in case of a political emergency brought on by the Clerk.

VICE-PRESIDENT WILSON is reported to have written a letter to the Springfield Republican denying he ever said that he believed that the Republican party would be beaten at the next election, and says that a necessity exists for its continuance in power. Mr. Wilson gives some good advice to the party: It must declare emphatically against a third term; must adopt a conciliatory though firm policy with the Southern States; equal rights must be defended, but acts of doubtful constitutionality ought to be avoided; and last, though not least, he advises that the door be opened to the Liberals whose hearts are still with the Republican party, that their leading men be taken into confidence and some of them called to high places.

FROM computations made from the observations of the recent transit of Venus it is estimated that we are some three or four million miles nearer the sun than was shown by the results of former measurements. If this ratio is constant the entire distance between us and the sun will be overcome in 1,440 years; but as we approach nearer we will travel more rapidly, so it will probably not be quite that long before we fall into the sun. Think of this, and have your terrestrial affairs in proper shape for such an event.

SOME of the newspaper correspondents are after Senator Logan pretty lively for having the report of his speech in the Congressional Record enlivened with a cut of the skull and cross-bones. We don't know how appropriate this cut was for the Senator's arguments, but we think if the pages of the Record were interspersed with occasional illustrations, portraits of salary grabbers, Pacific Mail thieves, etc., it might be more popular with the public and give some equivalent for its great cost. Containing, as it does, so many buncombe speeches it is rather dull reading.

THE Special agent of the Treasury Department, Mr. Henry W. Elliot has made a report upon the condition and importance of the fur trade of Alaska. As an agricultural country Mr. Elliot says that Alaska is worthless, but on account of the revenue from the fur trade the country is valuable, the Seal Islands alone, he says, would not remain unsold for many days if they were offered for seven millions,—the price paid by our Government for Alaska. Mr. Elliot could learn but little of the mineral resources of the country, but thinks they will prove valuable.

ACCORDING to the provisions of the Constitution State Legislatures are to ballot for U. S. Senators—where they have one to elect—on the second Tuesday after their organization. There are twenty-four Senators whose terms expire with this session of Congress; of these sixteen are Republicans, five are Democrats and three are Liberals. In a number of the states the Senators were elected on the first ballot, but in a majority the balloting will be continued for a time. The changes made in the election of new Senators will reduce the Republican majority in the Senate twelve or fourteen, but there will still be quite a majority of Republicans.

THE citizens of Kansas City held a public meeting Tuesday evening in the interest of the opening and the organization of the Indian Territory and the improvement of the Galveston harbor. Resolutions were adopted in accordance with the object of the meeting, and the friends of this movement every where were called upon to act at once. Western Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Western Missouri, Colorado, New Mexico and Texas are all directly interested in the improvement of the Galveston harbor and the opening of the Indian Territory, and should use their influence through their representatives in Congress to secure the accomplishment of these measures.

THE Board of Trade of Kansas City held a meeting last Monday to consider the proposition for the Government to extend the same aid to a branch of the Texas Pacific railroad from Memphis, Tenn., to Springfield, Mo., as has been given to the main line. A series of resolutions was adopted stating the deep interest of the people of the Missouri valley in the construction of this route to the Pacific coast, and calling upon the Legislatures of Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska to take action in this matter and endeavor to have their Representatives in Congress vote for this bill. If a road was built from Memphis to Springfield, Mo., the proposed road from Fort Scott to that place would be built, which would give the West a direct line connecting with Southern railroads and the Mississippi river.

AT a recent meeting at Fanniel hall in Boston, called for the purpose of protesting against the recent outrages on the Louisiana Legislature, Wendell Phillips was loudly called for, and upon the invitation of the chairman of the meeting, made his way to the platform amid applause and hisses. He made a long address, defending President Grant and the military, and as a citizen of Boston he protested against the resolutions being adopted, saying:

"My anxiety is not for the administration, but for the oppressed people of the South. Should you pass these resolutions the blood of one hundred black men and one hundred white men would be on their skirts. Four millions of negroes were called into freedom to save the nation, and now you refuse to allow the president to protect these persons who were brought into this condition of danger by the very act of the nation."

THE sub-committee that have been investigating the Louisiana troubles have sent to Congress their conclusions from the evidence taken by them. Their report is by no means satisfactory to the entire committee, and Messrs. Hoar, Fry and Wheeler—remaining members of the Louisiana investigating committee—have gone to make a personal investigation. The attorneys for the Republican side in this investigation claim that they were "not allowed by the committee to introduce their evidence of general intimidation and violence." No committee can now make a report that will suit both the political parties. According to the report of the sub-committee the Republicans have exaggerated the "Louisiana outrages." We now await the report of the other members of the "investigating" committee.

THERE is a new proposition for the settlement of the Louisiana troubles, which is said to be favored by the administration. It is this: Louisiana has a law, by which, in case of the resignation of the Governor and Lieut.-Governor, a special election to fill these offices is provided for. Gov. Kellogg has repeatedly declared that he has no desire to retain his office, and if he is honest in these declarations he will be willing to resign. The Lieut.-Governor should then follow his example, thus giving the people an opportunity for a new election. This would be more satisfactory than for Congress to order an election. The sooner the people of that State, without indignation, can have a new election the better.

THE LEGISLATURE.—Since the organization of our Legislature it has been quietly moving along, enacting a determination to perform its work and adjourn at an early day. The committees appointed by Lieut. Gov. Salter, in the Senate, and Speaker Fanniel in the House, seem to give general satisfaction.

Most of the time so far has been taken up in the introduction of bills. Up till the 21st inst. there were 99 bills introduced in the Senate and 191 in the House, making in all 290.

The election of State printer created more excitement than anything that has yet come before the Legislature. On the evening of the 18th inst. the Republicans held a caucus for the purpose of nominating a candidate, but adjourned without making a nomination. On the morning of the 19th inst. another caucus was held which nominated T. D. Thatcher. This caucus, however, was attended by only 44 Republicans out of 95 belonging to the Legislature. When the vote was taken Mr. Martin received 82 votes and Mr. Thatcher 49.

A number of new bills have been introduced in relation to the levying and collection of taxes, and a proposition for a constitutional amendment providing for biennial sessions of the Legislature—an amendment which we think the people would endorse.

Among the bills introduced that would indicate genuine reform, and which by the way the judiciary committee recommended should be passed, is Senate Bill No. 61, which "provides for the removal of public officers who are guilty of intoxication or gambling."

A series of resolutions, of which the following is the substance, was introduced by Mr. Pilkinton and was made the special order for 2 o'clock Friday afternoon:

WHEREAS, the President of the United States, in his wisdom has sustained the action of Lieut.-Gen. Sheridan and declared his purpose to execute the laws under all circumstances, therefore be it Resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring:

That the people of Kansas through their representatives in the Legislature assembled, fully and heartily endorse the course of Lieut. Gen. Sheridan and the action of the President in sustaining him.

We have not learned the result of the vote on the above.

The Senate has confirmed the following nominations of Gov. Osborn: Levi Houston and J. L. Weber, directors of State Normal school at Leavenworth.

John H. Falk, regent of State Agricultural College.

Charles B. Butler and James H. Critchton, directors of state normal school at Emporia.

Archibald Shaw and W. A. Shannon, trustees of the deaf and dumb asylum.

W. W. Creighton member to visit state institutions.

H. E. Smith, M. McKennon, F. W. Sturgis, Wm. E. Reid, C. M. Reasoner and B. H. McKennon, directors of State normal school at Emporia.

PREFERRED STOCK.—A Kansas Legislative investigation is a "Pacific Mail."

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 16th.  
W. W. Schump, Secretary of War, Washington:

A report has just been received from May, Merrill, at Shreveport, which is too long for telegraphic transmission, but will be sent by mail. The following is almost in May, Merrill's own words:

Threats made before the election to drive from the community all who voted the radical ticket, are being carried out by a combination among the whites who are forming and recruiting by every form of pressure, by which all negroes who voted the radical ticket are to be refused work or leases. All whites not belonging to the combination are to be ostracized.

Already more than five hundred families, including at least two thousand people of all ages and sexes, are wandering without means to go elsewhere, powerless to find other homes where they are and on the verge of starvation in mid winter. Theft and other crimes may result, and it is feared that a bitter feeling naturally resulting from a sense of injustice received, may run into one of revenge.

These homeless people will gradually drift together, and the white people are not slow, as the past has shown, to set about inflammatory rumors of intentions of organized violence on the part of the negroes and where the revolver and mob law are the common resort in such cases, as they usually have been here, disorders more or less extensive are sure to result, unless some preventive is found for such a state of things.

Both Houses of the Mississippi Legislature have adopted resolutions endorsing the action of President Grant and General Sheridan in the Louisiana matter, and declaring that they believe that it the policy dictated by this leader be carried out, not only will murderers who have long escaped justice be punished for their crimes, but that peace and security of life will follow, and that all citizens will be enabled to peacefully enjoy the privileges guaranteed them by the Constitution of the United States, which, up to the present time, they have been unable to enjoy in large portions of the above-mentioned State.

The Vital Fact.—All the Democratic and so-called "independent" journals ignore the vital fact in the Louisiana matter. It is this: stated by the St. Louis Democrat: No Legislature existed; the body led by Wiltz was never a Legislature, because it never organized or even pretended to organize, in obedience to law. Being kept together by force, it could do no legal act and its pretended admission of members, if not manifestly illegal, because declared carried while many members were demanding a roll call, and while every one knows that on roll call only fifty members out of 102 would have voted for it, it is at any rate illegal and void, because the body itself had not yet a legal existence.—Athens Champion.

No Comment Needed.—A bill has been introduced into the Illinois Legislature, by the Democrats, to exclude colored children in that State from the privilege of free schools. As a companion piece to this previous action of the Legislature, it is now proposed by the same party, to abolish the State normal schools. Not a word of comment is needed.—Leavenworth Times.

WASHINGTON COUNTY has adopted the herd law.

Eggs fifty cents a dozen in Arkansas City.

A series of religious meetings are being held in Leavenworth.

Relief supplies are being issued to 1,270 persons in Reno county.

Three hundred persons in Osage county are reported as entirely destitute.

The present legislative lobby is the thinnest in numbers ever known in Kansas.

Topeka saloonists complain that the present Legislature is unprecedentedly temperate.

The Topeka Blade thinks that Legate, Martin and Elder are the leading men in the House.

The State Senate has passed a resolution prohibiting the use of tobacco in the senate chamber.

It took four Atchison policemen one day last week to get away with a cripple who had fortified himself with benzine.

A Sedgewick county mathematician estimates that there were fifty bushels of grasshoppers to the acre last summer.

Mr. Bowley, of Topeka, mistook a bottle of aqua ammonia for some other medicine, and was exceedingly troubled thereby.

Mr. Carr has retired from the Coffeyville Courier and Mr. James J. Chatham has now assumed entire control of the paper.

Mr. E. Lam of Leavenworth, had twenty-six hundred dollars stolen from his residence last Sunday evening while he and his wife were absent.

The United States proposes to build a telegraph line from Wichita to Fort Sill, and another at Caddo from the same point as a military necessity.

## NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gerritt Smith's property amounts to \$1,250,000.

American roller skates have been introduced in England.

Gov. Porter was inaugurated governor of Tennessee on Monday.

Germany will soon have fifty guns on the northern coast of Spain.

The severest storm known for years occurred on the plains last Sunday.

The Jews of Plymouth church sold this year for \$58,335, against \$45,557 last year.

Hon. Schuler Colfax is lecturing on the life and public services of Abraham Lincoln.

Mrs. Eliza White is the lady who figured as "Katie King" in the Philadelphia ghost show.

It is said that seven out of nine denominations of the national currency have been counterfeited.

In the Pacific Mail examination on Monday, Whitelaw Reid was examined. He was a know-nothing.

There is great excitement in Santa Clara, Cal., over the discovery of a ten mile silver lode in that county.

The school lands of Texas amount to over 100,000,000 acres, an amazing endowment for free school purposes.

A telegram from Fort Larimer says the mercury congealed at Fetterman at 45° below by the spirit thermometer.

The Georgia, formerly a Confederate privateer, now plies as a passenger steamer between Portland, Maine, and Halifax.

The New York newsmen, alive to progression, now put it: "Becher sitting on the ragged edge of despair; all for two cents."

Gov. Cochran was inaugurated at Dover, Del., on Tuesday. In his inaugural he denounces the military interference in Louisiana.

Lieut. Gov. Latta was inaugurated at Harrisburg, Pa., on Tuesday. He made a speech denouncing the military interference in Louisiana.

Judge McArthur has dismissed the writ of habeas corpus in the case of Irwin and remanded him to the custody of the sergeant at arms.

King Katakana arrived at St. Louis last Monday and put up at the Southern Hotel. Kansas City will probably be his next objective point.

There are now 90,050.62 miles of railroad in the United States, the cost of which, with equipments, etc., foots up to a snug little sum of \$3,236,926,400.

The conference committee of the Northern and Southern Presbyterian churches in Baltimore has adjourned having failed to agree upon a basis for the establishment of fraternal relations.

Iron ships are to be built in St. Louis. A company has lately been organized and the iron rolled for the completion of one ship. One hundred and fifty men employed.

At Fort Laramie on Monday, a fearful snow storm was prevailing, and the thermometer forty degrees below zero. A heavy snowfall is reported throughout the Northwest.

The report of the reservoir commissioners of Massachusetts shows that twenty seven small reservoirs and dams exist in the State, and that the loss by the breaking away of these structures last year foots up \$1,238,000.

The command sent to drive the miners from the Black Hills was compelled to return to shelter many of the men were badly frozen. The commanding officer reported the weather to be 40° below zero on an average.

Gov. Bidle was inaugurated at Trenton, N. J., on Tuesday. In his speech he says there has been too much interference by United States military and federal marshals in the work of restoration, and too little moral support of the national government.

The Methodist preachers in Boston and vicinity, to-day passed resolutions endorsing and thanking the President and Gen. Sheridan, for their action in Louisiana troubles; also, thanking Wendell Phillips for his recent speech in Fanniel hall. Bishop Bowman, of St. Louis, drew a melancholy picture of the oppression of Southern negroes, and said a tithe of the disturbances in that section had not been told.

In the Circuit Court of the United States, for the District of Kansas, in CHANCERY: M. S. V. C. vs. J. C. Shumard, Charles B. Gray, George A. Ames, D. B. Emmert, the Fort Scott, Humboldt and Western Railway Company, The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of the City of New York, and John A. Davenport.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE RENDERED in this cause, J. Herman Markson, the special master therein named, and by the Court only authorized and authorized to execute said decree, will expose for sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand, at the front door of the court house in the city of Leavenworth, Kansas, on Tuesday, the sixteenth (16th) day of February, A. D. 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M. prompt of said day, all the following property and estate to-wit: All and singular, the portion of the railway of the Fort Scott, Humboldt and Western Railway Company, defendant herein, which said company has constructed, or by law is authorized to construct, and all other property, real or personal, owned by said company on the 1st day of November, 1874, or hereafter to be acquired by said company for the construction, maintenance, and operation of said railway.

HERMAN MARKSON, Special Master.

PUBLICATION NOTICE.

To Louis M. Parmelee: Take notice that you have been sued in an action in which Owen S. Parmelee is plaintiff and you are the defendant. That the petition of the plaintiff is filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of the 7th Judicial District of the State of Kansas in and for Allen County, in said State, and that you are required to answer said petition on or before the 20th day of February, 1875, and to send to said clerk a copy of your answer, and such other relief as the nature of the case and equity may require.

HERMAN MARKSON, Special Master.

## Kansas Lands!

Geo. A. Bowlus,  
REAL ESTATE BROKER

And Agent for the Sale of  
L. L. & G. RAILROAD LANDS,  
IOLA, (Allen County,) KANSAS.

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At corner Madison and Washington Avenues,  
IOLA, : : : KANSAS,

Is positively selling BETTER GOODS and more of them for LESS MONEY than at any other Dry Goods establishment in South Kansas.

My Stock consists of a full line of  
Dry Goods

AND NOTIONS,  
Which have been selected with great care. A handsome stock of QUEEN'S-WARE of the best brands. GLASSWARE in all varieties, which I sell at unquestionably LOW PRICES.

BOOTS, SHOES

And LADIES SERGE GAITERS to suit the most fastidious  
HATS AND CAPS FOR MEN AND BOYS,  
In styles to suit the Professional Man, the Business Man, the Farmer, the Mechanic and the Flow Boy.

Window Hollands, Paper Shades and Patent Curtain Fixtures constantly on hand. Wall Paper in great variety.

J. & P. Coats' and Clark's O. N. T. Spool Thread in all numbers, and the story is not half told. We will prove the facts at our counter.

Wm. DAVIS,

(SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT, IOLA, KANS.)  
Dealer in  
BOOTS AND SHOES,

Ready Made Clothing,  
HATS, CAPS, GLOVES,

—AND—  
GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

It is a carefully selected stock, UNRIVALED IN  
QUALITY, direct from Eastern Markets.

THE BOOT AND SHOE STOCK

Is in first hands from  
Pancost, Sage & Morse,  
Manufacturers of Rochester, N. Y.

And in quality of Material, Style or Durability, IS UNSURPASSED,  
ALL OF WHICH I OFFERED

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Jno. Francis & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in  
GROCERIES AND DRUGS.

Our Stock is Entirely New!

Everything having been purchased since our loss by Fire, April

The attention of Merchants and Dealers generally is called to our stock of goods consisting of everything in the Grocery and Drug line, which we are now selling as low as any house in Southern Kansas can sell the same quality of goods.

It is not always the article that costs the least money that is the cheapest. We are buying and have on hand the

BEST GOODS IN THE MARKET.

We are handling the QUINCY EAGLE and SIOUX CITY FLOUR, which we can warrant to be of first rate quality.

Our Stock of Drugs and Chemicals

Is unrivalled in Southern Kansas.

They are of the Purest Quality and all Fresh,

They having been selected under the personal supervision of our Mr. S. Bidmore, who has had years of experience in the purchase and dispensing of Drugs. Our desire is to please the public in general both as to price and in quality of goods. Give us a call.

The highest market price paid for Produce of all kinds.  
Goods delivered FREE in any part of the City.  
Physicians Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, day or night.

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DEALER IN  
DRY GOODS,  
GROCERIES, CLOTHING,  
Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Drugs, Medicines, Hardware, Nails, Cutlery, Queensware, and  
FURNITURE.  
AGENT FOR MORTON'S GOLD PENS  
I pay cash down for my goods, and offer great inducements to cash buyers.  
Will Not be Undersold by any one.